

# DOE Bioenergy Energy Technologies Office Update

Biomass R&D Technology Advisory Committee Q4 2018 Meeting

November 15, 2018



## **Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO)**

The Bioenergy Technologies Program focuses on early stage applied research and development (R&D) of transformative, sustainable bioenergy and bioproducts technologies that can support a growing bioeconomy and a more energy secure and prosperous nation.

| (Dollars in Thousands)   | FY 2017<br>Enacted | FY 2018<br>Enacted | FY 2019<br>Enacted |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Advanced Algal Systems   | 30,000             | 30,000             | 32,000             |
| Feedstock Supply and Logistics   | 20,000             | 29,000             | 30,000             |
| Conversion Technologies  | 90,230             | 103,000            | 95,000             |
| Advanced Development and Optimization (formerly Demonstration and Market |                    | ĺ                  | ŕ                  |
| Transformation)  | 54,041             | 54,545             | 57,500             |
| Strategic Analysis and Cross-cutting                                     |                    |                    |                    |
| Sustainability/ TBD  | 10,729             | 5,000              | 11,500             |
| Total  | 205,000            | 221,545            | 226,000            |

### **FY17 Biomass R&D Initiative Selections**

Two DOE selections announced on May 9, 2018\*

- University of Tennessee (\$1.4 million) will be developing an integrated biorefinery design that combines the production of liquid fuels and renewable chemicals to verify production of affordable cellulosic ethanol.
- Northwestern University (\$1.6 million) will be developing a rapid synthesis of next-generation biofuels and bioproducts from lignocellulosic biomass. The project will employ several strategies to reduce the timeframe of discovering biosynthetic pathways to optimize fuel and chemical production, including bottom-up engineering principles, computational models, and cell-free framework systems.

<sup>\* &</sup>lt;a href="https://www.energy.gov/eere/articles/department-energy-selects-3-million-research-projects-advance-biofuels-bioenergy-and">https://www.energy.gov/eere/articles/department-energy-selects-3-million-research-projects-advance-biofuels-bioenergy-and</a>

## **FY18 Funding Opportunities**

- BETO released 4 Funding Opportunities in May
  - Affordable and Sustainable Energy Crops
  - Efficient Carbon Utilization in Algal Systems
  - Process Development for Advanced Biofuels and Biopower
  - BioEnergy Engineering for Products Synthesis
- Peer Reviewed over 200 proposals
- Announced 36 selections with \$80 million in DOE Federal Share on September 4
  - Half of our selectees are new to BETO's portfolio as primary recipients
- https://www.energy.gov/articles/department-energyannounces-36-projects-bioenergy-research-and-development

## **Affordable and Sustainable Energy Crops**

Goal: New varieties and improved management strategies to produce better, cheaper energy crops for energy production

- Improved yields
- Lower water, nutrient and energy requirements
- Marginal lands
- Three selections totaling \$14.6 million
  - 3 Growing Regions
  - Switchgrass, energy cane, biomass sorghum, miscanthus

## **Efficient Carbon Utilization in Algal Systems**

Goal: Increase Algal Productivity by increasing uptake of carbon dioxide

- Topic 1. CO<sub>2</sub> Utilization Improvements taking emissions from industrial exhaust and feeding it into an algae system
  - Five selections totaling \$10.6 million
  - Strategies include: algal strain development, solvents and additives, purification technologies, physical transfer technologies
- Topic 2. Direct Air Capture earlier-stage R&D on directly capturing CO<sub>2</sub> from ambient air
  - Two selections totaling \$4.3 million
  - Strategies include: surface layer enzymes, solid adsorbents

## **BioEnergy Engineering for Products Synthesis**

Goal: Increase efficiencies of converting feedstocks into desired fuels and products

- Topic 1. Chemical Catalysis for Bioenergy Consortium Industrial Partnerships

   developing novel, chemical catalysts to enhance thermocatalytic
   conversion strategies
  - One selection totaling \$1.9 million
  - Strategies include: multi-layered catalyst for waste biogas conversion to liquid fuel
- Topic 2. Agile BioFoundry Industrial Partnerships engineering biology to enhance biological conversion strategies
  - Three selections totaling \$5.3 million
  - Target products include: polyurethane foams, polymers, coatings
- Topic 3. Performance Advantaged Bioproducts materials that could be better made from biomass feedstocks
  - Four selections totaling \$7.5 million
  - Target products include: PET (#1 plastic), polymers, packaging materials

## **BioEnergy Engineering for Products Synthesis (continued)**

- Topic 4. Biofuels and Bioproducts from Wet Organic Waste Streams new strategies to convert wet wastes
  - Three selections totaling \$5.6 million
  - Strategies include: producing short-chain fatty acids through modified anaerobic digestion; corn fiber to biodiesel and products; waste paper sludge to  $C_{12}$ - $C_{14}$  hydrocarbons
- Topic 5. Rewiring Carbon Utilization converting waste carbon gases to products
  - Three selections totaling \$4.5 million
  - Target products include: ethylene glycol, isopropanol, propene
- Topic 6. Lignin Valorization increasing efficiency and lower cost of converting lignin to higher value products
  - Two selections totaling \$3.4 million
  - Target products include: thermoset polymers, spray insulation, carbon fiber

## Process Development for Advanced Biofuels and Biopower

Goal: developing low-cost, efficient *integrated* systems for the production of biofuels, bioproducts and biopower

- Topic 1. Drop-in Renewable Jet Fuel Blendstocks
  - Four selections totaling \$10.7 million
  - Strategies include: fermentation & catalytic upgrading; hybrid process for upgrading biocrude; hydrothermal treatment of waste grease and catalytic upgrading; reforming biogas & Fischer-Tropsch
- Topic 2. Drop-in Renewable Diesel Fuel Blendstocks
  - Three selections totaling \$7.3 million
  - Strategies include: catalytic conversion of cellulosic ethanol; pyrolysis and hydroprocessing of biocrude; co-processing pyrolysis oils and vacuum gas oils in a Fluid Catalytic Cracker
- Topic 3. Biomass, Biosolids and Municipal Solid Waste to Energy
  - Three selections totaling \$5.0 million
  - Strategies include: Metal Organic Framework Catalysts for biogas clean-up;
     anaerobic membrane bioreactor with ammonia recovery; upgrading to bio-oils

## **Co-Optimization of Fuels and Engines (Co-Optima)**

Goal: Develop bio-derived blendstocks for co-optimized mixing controlled compression ignition (MCCI) diesel engines for mediumand heavy-duty vehicles

- Five selections totaling \$8.0 million (in partnership with the Vehicle Technologies Office)
- Performance benefits include: enhance engine efficiency, reduce sooting propensity, increase cetane number, increase energy density, enhance cold weather behavior of the fuel, and help reduce cold start emissions of diesel engines

## **Small Business Innovation Research**

FY19 Phase I, Release II SBIR Topics just announced on October 29

- \$200K awards in Phase I with possibility of \$1M in Phase II
- Letters of intent due 12/17
- Full proposals due 2/4
- More info: <a href="https://science.energy.gov/sbir/funding-opportunities/">https://science.energy.gov/sbir/funding-opportunities/</a>

#### Bioenergy topic areas:

#### 1. Cell-Free Biochemical Platforms to Optimize Biomass Carbon Conversion Efficiency

- Utilizing biocatalysts (enzymes) to perform complicated biochemical reactions that offer benefits in comparison to industrial inorganic catalysts
- Interested in enzyme longevity, production hosts, and cofactor regeneration

#### 2. Reshaping Plastic Design and Degradation for the Bioeconomy

- Targeting bio-derived plastics designed with end-of-life considerations in mind that can enable a circular carbon economy
- Exploring challenges in plastics degradation, such as crystallinity, feedstock contamination, and enzymatic deconstruction

#### 3. Algae Engineering Incubator

- Open to all applications proposing technologies that facilitate the goals of the Advanced Algal Systems R&D subprogram through non-biological, engineering approaches
- Intentionally broad to bring in novel approaches

## **Appendix**

### **FY17 Biomass R&D Initiative Selections**

DOE selections announced on May 9, 2018:

https://www.energy.gov/eere/articles/department-energy-selects-3-million-research-projects-advance-biofuels-bioenergy-and

| Selections              | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M) |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|
| University of Tennessee | Condensed Phase Catalysis Technology for Fuels and Carbon Products: UT will be developing an integrated biorefinery design that combines the production of liquid fuels and renewable chemicals to verify production of affordable cellulosic ethanol.  | \$1.4     |
| Northwestern University | Engineered reversal of the β-oxidation cycle in clostridia for the synthesis of fuels and chemicals: NU will be developing a rapid synthesis of next-generation biofuels and bioproducts from lignocellulosic biomass. The project will employ several strategies to reduce the timeframe of discovering biosynthetic pathways to optimize fuel and chemical production, including bottom-up engineering principles, computational models, and cell-free framework systems. | \$1.6     |

## **Affordable and Sustainable Energy Crops**

Goal: Produce better, cheaper energy crops that can be used for energy production.

- Improved yields
- Lower water, nutrient and energy requirements
- Marginal lands

| Selections                | Approach/Objective   | DOE (\$M) |
|---------------------------|--|-----------|
| University of Illinois at | Switchgrass/seasonal grasses on marginal lands in SD, NE,  | \$5.0     |
| Urbana-Champaign (IL)     | IA, and IL. Machine learning techniques for performance,   |           |
|                           | best practices, and cost reductions.                       |           |
| Texas A&M AgriLife        | Advanced energy cane and biomass sorghum on                | \$5.0     |
| Research (TX)             | agricultural and marginal lands in TX, LA, MS, GA, and FL. |           |
|                           | Characterize seasonal dynamics; quantify environmental     |           |
|                           | impacts; and optimize production.                          |           |
| North Carolina State      | New hybrid varieties of miscanthus on marginal lands in    | \$4.6     |
| University (NC)           | NC to increase biomass yields, improve soil, and enhance   |           |
|                           | crop production.   |           |

## **Efficient Carbon Utilization in Algal Systems**

Goal: Increase Algal Productivity by increase uptake of carbon dioxide

- Topic 1 Industrial waste gas streams
- Topic 2 Direct air capture technologies

| Selections  | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M) |
|---|---|-----------|
| Topic 1: CO <sub>2</sub> Utilization Improvements |   |           |
| Colorado State University (CO)                    | Algae organism engineering, membrane design, and computer modeling to increase carbon utilization | \$2.1     |
| Arizona State University (AZ)                     | Nitrogen-based solvent additive and novel nanobubble feeding system                               | \$2.5     |
| Global Algae Innovations (CA)                     | Low cost, high efficiency system using bicarbonate regeneration and CO <sub>2</sub> feed controls | \$2.5     |
| Arizona State University (AZ)                     | Membrane technology to purify CO <sub>2</sub> from an untreated industrial gas stream             | \$2.0     |
| Duke University (NC)                              | Marine algae engineering, calcium carbonate delivery system                                       | \$1.5     |
| Topic 2: Direct Air Capture Systems               |   |           |
| MicroBio Engineering, Inc. (CA)                   | Surface-layer enzymes to increase dissolved CO <sub>2</sub> in algal ponds                        | \$2.3     |
| Georgia Tech (GA)                                 | Chemically-modified solid adsorbents for photobioreactors   | \$2.0     |

## **BioEnergy Engineering for Products Synthesis**

Goal: Increase efficiencies of converting feedstocks into desired fuels and products

| Selections  | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M) |  |
|---|---|-----------|--|
| Topic 1: Chemical Catalysis for Bioenergy Industrial Partnerships |   |           |  |
| University of South Florida (FL)                                  | Conversion of waste biogas to liquid fuel using a novel, multilayered catalyst  | \$1.9     |  |
| Topic 2: Agile BioFoundry Indu                                    | stry Partnership Initiative   |           |  |
| Lygos, Inc. (CA)  | Conversion of cellulosic sugars to malonate, a chemical used for coatings through the use of synthetic biology/machine learning | \$ \$2.0  |  |
| ZymoChem (CA)   | Conversion of cellulosic sugars to a super-absorbent polymer through metabolic pathways   | \$1.3     |  |
| University of California, San Diego (CA)                          | Conversion of cellulosic sugars to polyurethane foams using synthetic biology and machine learning on algae                     | \$2.0     |  |
| Topic 3: Performance Advanta                                      | ged Bioproducts   |           |  |
| Iowa State University (IA)  | Systematic process development for identifying biomass-derived molecules for polymers/materials                                 | \$2.5     |  |
| University of California,<br>Berkeley (CA)                        | Produce infinitely recyclable packaging materials from biomass  | \$2.0     |  |
| Georgia Tech (GA)   | Produce biobased PET (#1 plastic)-replacement from cellulose and chitin   | \$1.0     |  |
| Arzeda (WA)   | Conversion of biomass to a novel polymer precursor (MBL) using a hybrid biological/chemical process                             | \$2.0     |  |

## BioEnergy Engineering for Products Synthesis (Continued)

| Selections                           | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M) |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Topic 4: Biofuels and Bioprodu       | ucts from Wet Organic Waste Streams   |           |
| Visolis (CA)                         | Altering the chemistry of anaerobic digestion to produce mevaloacetone as a fuel/chemical platform molecule | \$2.0     |
| Xylome Corporation (WI)              | Engineering microbes to convert waste corn fiber into lipids for upgrading to biodiesel/high-value products | \$1.1     |
| North Carolina State University (NC) | Conversion of paper sludge waste (cellulosic) to C12-C14 hydrocarbons through furan intermediates           | \$ \$2.5  |
| Topic 5: Rewiring Carbon Utiliz      | zation  |           |
| Montana State University (MT)        | Electrocatalysis of CO <sub>2</sub> to formate, followed by biological upgrading to ethylene glycol         | \$1.5     |
| LanzaTech, Inc. (IL)                 | Conversion of $CO_2$ to $CO$ , followed by biological upgrading to isopropanol                              | \$1.5     |
| Johns Hopkins University (MD)        | Catalytic conversion of CO <sub>2</sub> to methanol and formate to produce propene                          | \$1.5     |
| Topic 6: Lignin Valorization         |   |           |
| Clemson University (SC)              | Conversion of lignin to high-performance carbon fiber and spray insulation through solvent fractionation    | \$1.8     |
| Spero Energy, Inc. (CA)              | Conversion of lignin to high-performance thermoset polymers (e.g., fiberglass, car parts) through catalysis | \$1.6     |

## Process Development for Advanced Biofuels and Biopower

Goal: developing low-cost, efficient *integrated* systems for the production of biofuels, bioproducts and biopower

| Selections                           | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M) |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| Topic 1: Drop-in Renewable Je        | t Fuel Blendstocks  |           |  |
| Technology Holding LLC (UT)          | Fermentation of cellulosic sugars to isoprene and catalytic upgrading to a high energy density jet fuel           | \$2.5     |  |
| Washington State University (WA)     | A hybrid process to upgrade bio-crude (from pyrolysis and hydrothermal liquefaction) to jet fuel                  | \$2.8     |  |
| Applied Research Associates (FL)     | Hydrothermal cleanup of waste brown grease to make free fatty acids; then catalytically transform to hydrocarbons | \$2.4     |  |
| Gas Technology Institute (IL)        | Reforming of CO/CO <sub>2</sub> -rich biogas to syngas; fluidized bed Fischer Tröpsch conversion to jet fuel      | \$3.0     |  |
| Topic 2: Drop-in Renewable D         | Topic 2: Drop-in Renewable Diesel Fuel Blendstocks  |           |  |
| LanzaTech, Inc. (IL)                 | Improved catalytic conversion of cellulosic ethanol to diesel   | \$2.5     |  |
| Research Triangle Institute (NC)     | Catalytic biomass pyrolysis and hydroprocessing of bio-crude to diesel fuel                                       | \$2.6     |  |
| West Biofuels Development, LLC (CA)  | Co-processing pyrolysis bio-oil with vacuum gas oil in a Fluid Catalytic Cracker.                                 | \$2.2     |  |
| Topic 3: Biomass, Biosolids, ar      | Topic 3: Biomass, Biosolids, and Municipal Solid Waste to Energy  |           |  |
| Mosaic Materials (CA)                | Metal organic framework catalysts to remove CO <sub>2</sub> from biogas   | \$1.4     |  |
| University of Illinois at            | Novel anaerobic membrane bioreactor with ammonia recovery /   | \$1.6     |  |
| Urbana-Champaign (IL)                | electrolysis to produce biogas and H <sub>2</sub> from wastewater   |           |  |
| Worcester Polytechnic Institute (MA) | Upgrading the biomass and food waste fractions of MSW to bio-oil, soil amendment, and purified lignin             | \$2.0     |  |

## **Co-Optimization of Fuels and Engines (Co-Optima)**

Goal: Develop bio-derived blendstocks for co-optimized mixing controlled compression ignition (MCCI) diesel engines for medium- and heavy-duty vehicles

| Selections                               | Approach/Objective  | DOE (\$M)* |
|--|---|------------|
| Auburn University (AL)                   | Bio-production and evaluation of renewable butyl acetate as a desirable bio-blendstock for diesel fuel                            | \$2.0      |
| SUNY University at Stony<br>Brook (NY)   | Naphthenic biofuel-diesel blend for optimizing mixing controlled compression ignition combustion                                  | \$1.5      |
| University of Massachusetts Lowell (MA)  | Renewable fuel additives from woody biomass   | \$1.0      |
| University of Michigan (MI)              | Tailored Bio-blendstocks with Low Environmental Impact to Optimize MCCI Engines   | \$2.0      |
| University of Wisconsin-<br>Madison (WI) | Mono-ether and alcohol bio-blendstocks to reduce the fuel penalty of mixing controlled compression ignition engine aftertreatment | \$1.5      |

<sup>\*</sup> Includes funding from the Vehicle Technologies Office